PAS Program

Patient Advocate Service

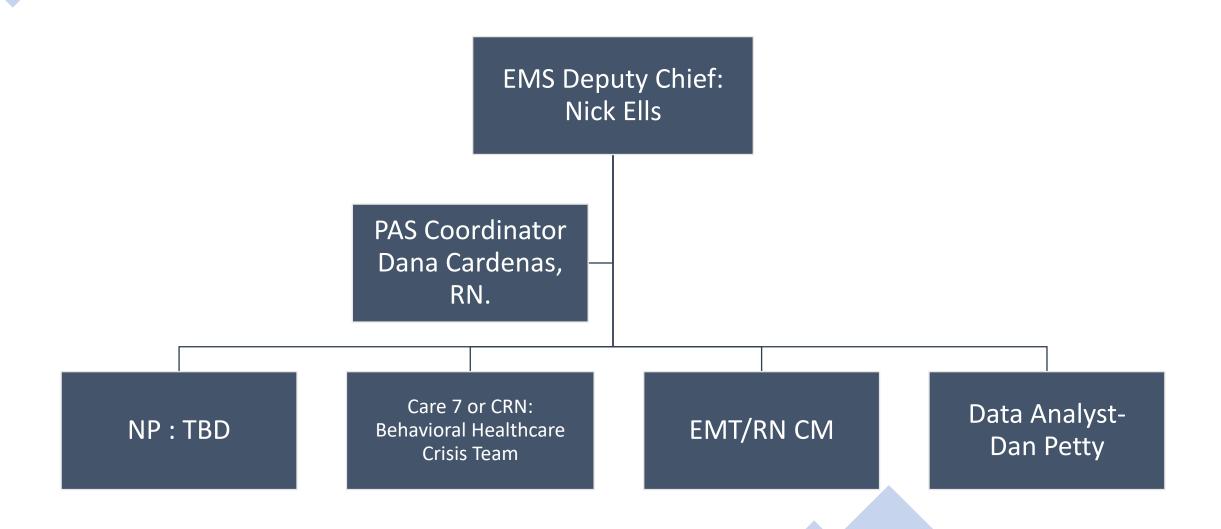
Tempe Fire Medical Rescue

Community Medicine Program

PAS History

- PAS started as a pilot project by our Medical Services Dept.: Deputy Chief and EMS Captain went out to see patients flagged as frequent nonemergent
- Top 20 patients with multiple visits.
- Dept. hired a RN to make patient visits accompanied by a light duty fire-fighter or local hospital RN.
- Grant Funded by a Tribal Gaming Grant awarded by City Council.

TFMR PAS TEAM



- Fire Crews
- Police Dept.
- Hospital Case Managers and ER
- Non-profits in Tempe
- Neighborhood residents
- Families
- Faith-based organizations

Referrals:

Secure Email: PAS@tempe.gov

or Fax: 480-898-7252

PAS Visits:



Intake assessments



Diagnose and investigate



Inform educate and empower



Mobilize community resources



Ensure residents safety and security



Link patients to Primary and Specialty Care



Re-evaluate and help coordinate care

What make us different?

- Through a tailored approach to care for frequent users, we identify and addresses social determinants of health (SDoH) needs/gaps, while improving patient quality of life (QoL) and reducing overall health care expenditures. The COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted disparities in health care and outcomes disparities.
- Proactive Pandemic Outreach to Tempe residents that were the most medically vulnerable such as: DDD community, seniors on PAS services past and present, medically vulnerable veterans, those experiencing Homelessness, and those with identified with mental health care needs.

Social Determinants of Health: SDOH

- Availability to healthcare, vaccinations and medications through coordination of care with Primary Care Clinics, local hospitals, pharmacies, AZ Public Health Department and AZ health care plans
- Availability to food and essential cleaning supplies through Salvation Army, TCAA, and other non-profit organizations
- Availability to housing through collaborations with HOPE TEAM and Human Services Department
- Education with Health Literacy Assessment and Educations on Disease Processes
- Connecting isolated residents through Tele- Medicine for Mental Health Care and Medical Care as well as socializing with others while being quarantined or social distant

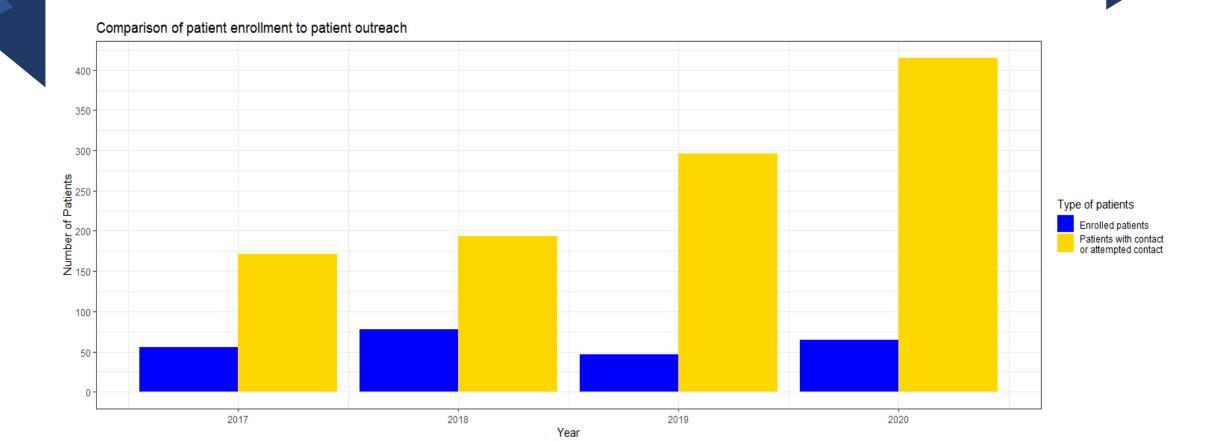
Predictive model development

- EMS and community health data pulled from ImageTrend
- Processed through R and H2O software, joined with Census data
- Model is trained on historical data, tested on unseen data
- Best performing models are used on future data
- Recent call volume and total call volume are most predictive, but many factors contribute to prediction
- Top 10% of model's recommendations contain 44% of all 30-day repeat patients

Closed Loop Referral System:



Outreach data



Call reduction results

Year	Number of Patients Enrolled	Total EMS 911 calls six months pre-enrollment	Total EMS 911 calls six months post-enrollment	Percent Reduction
2017	56	133	73	45%
2018	78	77	72	6%
2019	47	276	153	45%
2020	65	185	104	44%

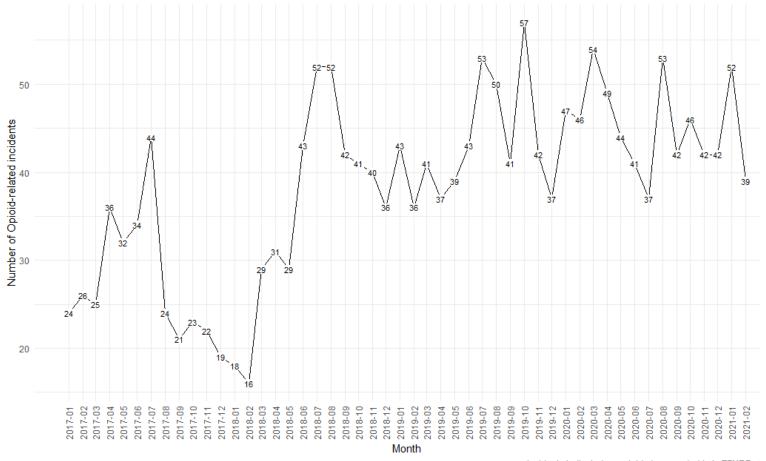
Stats from Data- Homeless Population

Year	Number of EMS incidents with homeless	Unique homeless individuals	Number of transports of homeless	Percent of the time a homeless patient is transported	Number of EMS incidents overall	overall	Homeless Transports as a percent of all transports
2016	1,244	848	1,008	81%	11,048	7,385	14%
		1,263	1,514	74%	17,364	10,267	15%
2019	1,937	1,278	1,500	77%	18,449	11,432	13%
2020	1,740	1,149	1,312	75%	14,327	8,781	15%

Opioid Data: Incidents on EMS Calls Shows increase in opioid related EMS calls

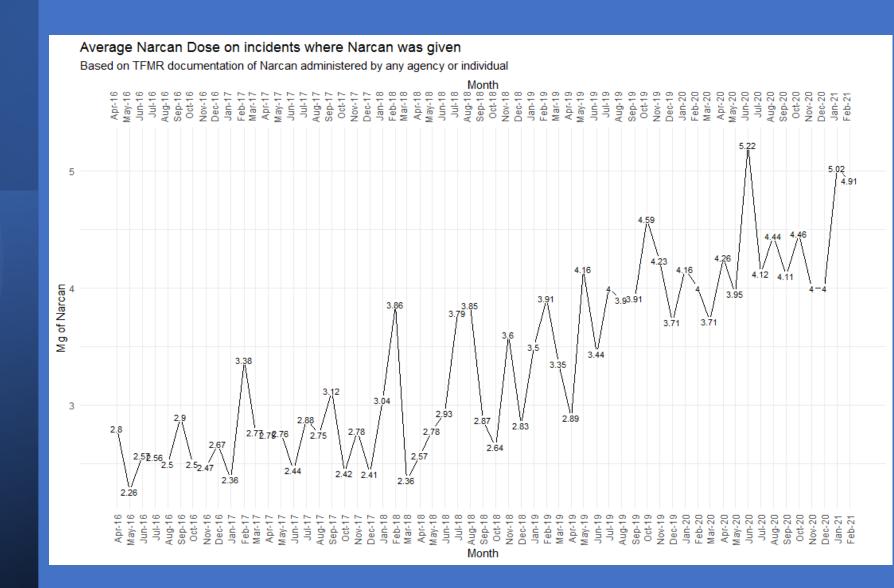
Number of Opioid-related incidents each month

Jan 2017 through Jan 2021



Incidents indicated as opioid abuse probable in TFMRD c

Opioid Data:
Increase in amount
of Narcan needing to
be used on patients
to show effectivenss
has more than
doubled.



Covid-19 outreach efforts

- 300 PAS Patient Outreach Phone Calls
- 100 scheduled Food Box Deliveries
- 60+ Veterans Outreach or Tele-Medicine visits
- Education per CDC and AZ State Guidelines to over 2,600 Senior and DDD residents of Tempe
- 90-day routine med prescription deliveries established for patients
- 100+ COVID welfare checks for local hospitals
- Monthly then quarterly Senior COVID Recovery Meetings for Nursing Homes, Skilled Nursing and Rehab Centers in Tempe.





Challenges:

- Sustainability of financial resources for continuation and growth of the program
- Needing more assistance for the increased demand of the program
- Standardization locally and Nationally for Community Medicine or Mobile Integrated Health Models
- Challenges with Covid-19 and Funding sources: Grants
- Challenges with gaining access of billing codes for reimbursement from Health Care Plans
- Contacting high volume callers who have no contact number or address to identify them after a 911 has ended.

Current Projects:

- Becoming MEDICAID-AHCCCS Providers for reimbursement of services for sustainability of the PAS Program through the Treat and Refer Program
- Becoming Credentialed Providers with the Phoenix VA for Veterans Services through VA Tele-Medicine Program
- Participating in the Opioid Task Force for the City of Tempe and the efforts to Awareness of the Opioid Epidemic in the state of AZ
- Participating in the Age Friendly and Dementia Friends efforts in the City of Tempe
- Participating in the Frequent Users Systems Engagement (FUSE) Group for City of Tempe

^{*} Arizona Health Care Cost Containment System -AHCCCS

Recognition:





2020 EMS10 JEMS AWARD FROM: -JOURNAL OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES 2021 IMAGE TREND HOOLEY AWARD FINALIST

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